



Sponsoring research throughout Canada's frontier lands on environmental and social implications related to oil and gas exploration and development

**ANNUAL REPORT 2013**

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# The Environmental Studies Research Fund

## ANNUAL REPORT 2013

### Message from the Chair



I am pleased to submit the Environmental Studies Research Fund 2013 Annual Report.

This past year was a year of reassessment and change for the Environmental Studies Research Fund. The Management Board deliberated and made decisions on the Fund's strategic priorities, its financial requirements, and ways to transform and renew the operations of the Fund. All changes being implemented are aligned with the Environmental Studies Research Fund's objective to foster excellence in studies on environmental and social issues in frontier lands.

Research Priority Areas have been established for the next four years that will guide project selection decisions. While no new studies are being contemplated for 2014, multi-year studies are ongoing from previous years. During 2014, the ESRF Management Board will also put in place new processes for soliciting and reviewing study proposals. A Call for Letters of Interest is to be issued early in 2014, followed by a Request for Proposals and then the final selection of research studies to be funded. The intent is to increase participation from the private sector, universities and the public sector. Details are provided later in the Annual Report. Looking ahead, the Management Board is committed to addressing the overall quality of the study programs on an on-going basis, so that you can be reassured that you are receiving the substantive scientific results to support decision-making.

It is my pleasure to be reappointed to serve as Chair of the ESRF Management Board for the next three years, as we look forward to exciting times in the exploration and development of oil and gas in Canada's frontier lands.

Thank you for your support. I respectfully submit the ESRF 2013 Annual Report.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "R. Paul Barnes". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Paul Barnes  
Chairperson, ESRF MB  
December 31, 2013

# Mandate

The Environmental Studies Research Fund (ESRF) is a research program that sponsors studies on environmental and social implications related to oil and gas exploration and development in Canada's frontier lands.

The information arising from these studies is designed to assist all involved stakeholders, including citizens, companies and government, in their decision-making related to oil and gas exploration and development.

Initiated in 1983 under the *Canada Oil and Gas Act (COGA)*, the ESRF now receives its legislated mandate through the superseding legislation, the *Canadian Petroleum Resources Act (CPRA)*, proclaimed in February 1987.

ESRF research is funded by levies on oil and gas companies that hold licenses for exploration and development in Canada's frontier lands.

The Minister, Natural Resources Canada, is responsible for the administration of the ESRF South Account for regions south of 60° latitude, including Hudson Bay, and the Minister, Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada, is responsible for the administration of the North Account for regions north of 60°.

The ESRF is directed by a twelve-member joint government/industry/public Management Board and is administered by a Secretariat that resides within the Office of Energy Research and Development of Natural Resources Canada.

## FRONTIER LANDS

*Petroleum Resources Act*  
"frontier lands" includes:

- the Northwest Territories, Nunavut or Sable Island; or
- submarine areas, not within a province, in internal waters of Canada, the territorial sea of Canada or the continental shelf of Canada but does not include the adjoining area, as defined in section 2 of the *Yukon Act*.

# ESRF Management Board Members

## *Private Sector*

Paul Barnes, Chairperson,  
Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers

Linda Graf  
Conoco-Phillips Canada

Greg Janes  
Suncor Energy

Francine Wight  
Husky Energy

## *Public Members*

Norman Snow  
Joint Secretariat-Inuvialuit Settlement Region

Gerard Chidley  
Atlantic Champion and Ocean Alliance Fishing Vessels

## *Government of Canada*

Michel Chenier  
Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada

Lynne Patenaude  
Environment Canada

Patrice Simon  
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada

Robert Steedman, Vice-Chairperson  
National Energy Board

## *Offshore Petroleum Boards*

David Burley  
Canada-Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore  
Petroleum Board

Eric Theriault  
Canada-Nova Scotia Offshore Petroleum Board

The ESRF Management Board members are selected for their expertise and specialized technical knowledge relative to the mandate of the Fund.

Members of the MB are appointed jointly by the Minister of Natural Resources Canada and the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada.

The ESRF Management Board directs the business of the Fund, sets priorities for study topics, determines the program budget and facilitates the development of study proposals.

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ESRF Secretariat  
Natural Resources Canada  
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580 Booth Street  
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# 2013 Current Research Studies

## SOUTH REGIONS

**Mid-Labrador Marine Megafauna and Acoustic Surveys on the Labrador Coast (2010-07S). Baseline Surveys for Seabirds on the Labrador Sea (2010-08S).** These two projects are documenting the occurrence and population densities of marine mammals and seabirds along those parts of the Labrador coast currently of interest for oil and gas development. Initial surveys already carried out in the fall of 2013 will be supplemented by spring/summer and fall surveys in 2014. The marine mammal surveys are supplemented by the deployment of acoustic recorders deployed at two locations to record cetacean vocalizations. Another objective of the studies is to involve and transfer survey skills to local individuals, particularly Aboriginal Labradoreans, whenever possible.

**Compilation of Cetacean Vocalizations for Passive Acoustic Monitoring (PAM) Applications (2010-10S).** This electronic archive of cetacean vocalizations for species occurring on the East Coast of Canada will be available to the public through a link on the ESRF webpage. It will provide a resource for identifying whale species for those seismic survey operators employing passive acoustic monitoring for cetaceans in accordance with the environmental mitigation guidelines issued by the offshore petroleum boards that govern the conduct of marine seismic surveys.

**Biological Effects of Produced Water on Various Life Stages of Marine Fish (2010-12S).** The study assessed the effects of various concentrations of produced waters, obtained from oil and gas platforms operating in the Atlantic Offshore, on larval fish species in a laboratory context.

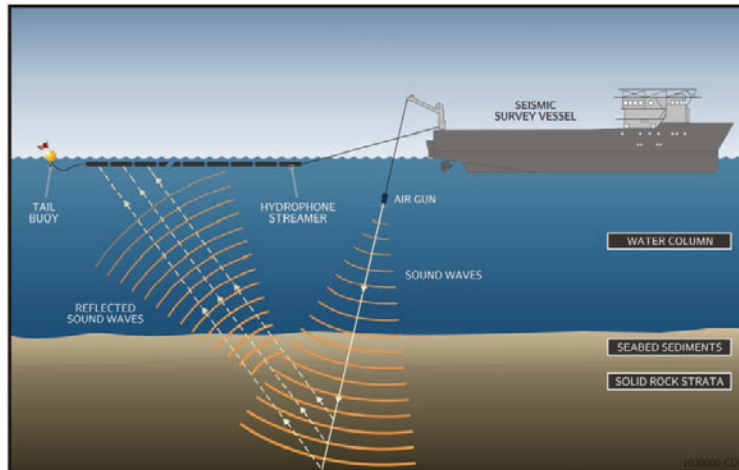
**Refinement and Validation of Numerical Risk Assessment Models for use in Atlantic Canada (2010-13S).** The objective of this study was to conduct model validation studies for discharges of both produced water and drilling wastes among commonly used contaminant dispersion models and validate these models against data on contaminants in water samples collected adjacent to oil and gas production operations offshore Nova Scotia and Newfoundland and Labrador.

*ESRF has sponsored and published over 200 studies on oil and gas exploration and development on frontier lands, including such topics as:*

- *environmental effects on fish, bird and animal habits and habitats;*
- *iceberg detection and flow patterns*
- *oil spill prevention and countermeasures;*
- *dispersant effectiveness in cold waters and ice;*
- *frontier social and economic issues*
- *improving accuracy of ocean and weather forecasting; and*
- *verification of codes and standards.*

*All studies are available at [www.esrfunds.org](http://www.esrfunds.org)*

**Supplementary Study of Effects of Seismic on Lobster Feeding (2010-11S).** This study follows up on a previous ESRF study entitled *Pilot Study on the Effects of Seismic Air Gun Noise on Lobster (Homarus americanus)*. The current study is to determine, through laboratory studies, whether seismic surveys might have potential to affect the feeding of lobsters chronically exposed to low levels of sound pressures in the 170-180 dB range.



*Configuration of a typical 2 dimensional marine seismic survey showing the survey vessel towing a single airgun array and a streamer, several thousand meters in length, containing hydrophones that detect reflected sound which is used to construct a map of the geological structures below the seafloor.*

**Modelling Air Emissions from Offshore Installations (2010-20S).** The purpose of this study completed in 2013 was to provide context for Federal Air Emissions regulatory initiatives by modelling specific air emission characteristics from several operating offshore platforms operating offshore Atlantic Canada.

**Effectiveness of Observers in Visually Detecting Dead Seabirds on Open Ocean (Project 2010-21S).** This field study assesses the accuracy of observers in evaluating seabird mortality from a vessel platform in the open ocean. To achieve this simulated seabirds, equipped with satellite telemetry, will be released in to an area of open ocean in advance of a survey vessel carrying observers. Since the number and location of the simulated seabirds will be known, the effectiveness of the observers can be evaluated. The outcome of this experiment will improve the models used by the Canadian Wildlife Service to help evaluate seabird mortality from hydrocarbon spills.

**Assessment of the Potential for Impacts on Early Life Stages of Fish and Zooplankton around Petroleum Development Sites on the Grand Banks (2011-04S).** The objective is to determine if the regulated discharges from oil production platforms can invoke effects in the physiology of juvenile fish in the open ocean environment. Currently in the final stages of development this project will sample juvenile fish species upstream and downstream of three oil production platforms in the Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore Area over the course of three years.

**Note: Studies 2012-01S for the Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore Area and 2013-02S the Nova Scotia Offshore Area now coordinating their work.**

**Biodegradation of Chemically Dispersed and Non-Chemically Dispersed Oil (2012-01S).**

**Biodegradation of Chemically Dispersed and Non-Chemically Dispersed Condensate (2013-02S).**

This project studies the biodegradation of both physically and chemically dispersed crude oil and gas condensate produced in Atlantic Canada's offshore. It evaluates the rate and extent of oil and condensate degradation by the naturally-occurring bacteria in offshore waters.

Leading edge environmental genomics and laboratory analyses are used to identify how the bacterial populations respond in terms of changes in their community structure and oil degradation activity to identify the conditions that best support oil degradation. This knowledge is essential to evaluating the capacity of the marine environment to recover following a hydrocarbon spill.

**Data Display and Source Apportionment of Volatile Organic Compounds and Particulate Matter on Sable Island, Nova Scotia, Canada (2011-05S).** This study measures air borne volatile organic carbons and particulate matter through sensors placed on Sable Island. The experimental design that will permit researchers to determine the proportion of these air contaminants that originates from nearby gas production installation versus marine traffic sources versus natural sources.



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*Air Quality Measurements on  
Sable Island, September 2013.*

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**Characterization of Ocean Currents, Variability and Dispersion in the Vicinity of Sackville Spur (2013-01S).**

This project addresses the lack of knowledge about ocean currents near Sackville Spur in the Flemish Cap region. Information on offshore environments is essential to guide responsible decision-making as exploration for oil and gas in Atlantic Canada moves into deeper waters. The data collected by current meters at three locations in the Flemish Pass over the course of a year will significantly improve the understanding of ocean water movement in this area. This, in turn, will provide valuable input to dispersion modelling studies that support oil spill fate and effects modelling.

**Analysis of Associations between Seismic Survey Activity and Snow Crab/Northern Shrimp Catch in the Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore Area: Newfoundland (2012-02S).**

This project aimed to analyze the relationships between snow crab and northern shrimp catch per unit effort and seismic survey activity in the Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore Area. Based on fisheries and seismic data available for the 1999 to 2011 time period, a scientifically defensible method of statistical analysis was developed to address this goal. However, the study had to be cancelled due to the inability to acquire access to the seismic survey data necessary for its completion.



**Development, Validation and Implementation of an Operational Ocean Forecasting System for the Grand Banks and Orphan Basin for Daily Operational Delivery at the Canadian Meteorological Centre (2013-03S).** Accurate forecasting of oceanographic and weather conditions to support routine offshore oil and gas operations and emergency response operations is essential. This project will provide a significant enhancement in the resolution and hence accuracy of ocean forecasting services provided through Environment Canada over a large part of the Newfoundland and Labrador Offshore Area and northern parts of the Nova Scotia Offshore Area. The project will provide improved forecast data for input into oil spill modelling and iceberg drift scenarios and modelling through the Canadian Meteorological Center. Additionally research and development is occurring to benchmark the ocean forecast system performance in real time with oceanographic observations that are made available.



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*Bobbie Boland with Ernie McLean, Miriam Burden, Lara Morina, Kim Chiaisson, Carol Best and Brenda Way of the Central Labrador Economic Development Board, Happy Valley Goose Bay.*

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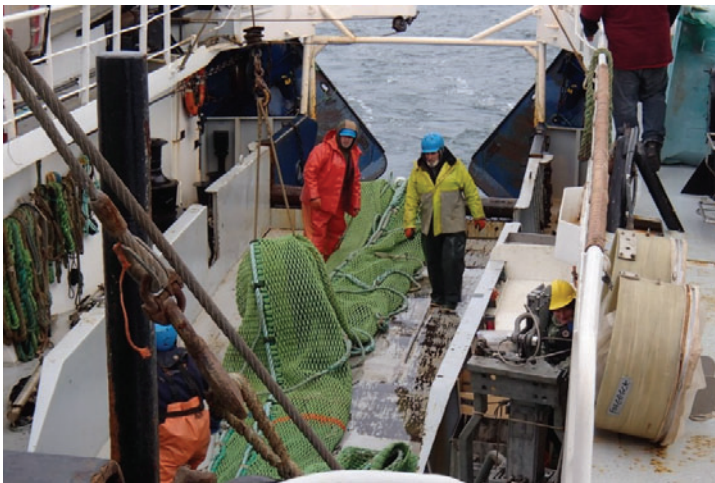
**Follow-up to the ESRF 2010-16S Labrador Socio-Economic Study (2013-04S).** Two studies that considered the socio-economic implications of oil and gas development along the Labrador coast resulted in the publication *An Assessment of Predicted Socio-Economic Impacts of Labrador Shelf Oil and Gas Activity on Labrador Communities and Individuals* in 2011. In 2013, a plain language summary of this report was prepared in English, Inuktitut and Innu- Aimun to the Labrador participants. The summary was sent to individuals and organizations that participated in the original study and other government and stakeholders interested in the economic development of oil and gas resources in the Labrador Offshore. Subsequently, in the fall of 2013, ESRF in collaboration with the Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers sponsored meetings with the original study participants and other interested stakeholders to assess obtain feedback on the study and maintain an ongoing dialogue relevant to future development of oil and gas along the Labrador Coast.

## NORTH REGIONS

**The Seabed Stability Conditions Shelf/Slope Transition Zone, Canadian Beaufort Sea: A Synthesis of 1970–2008 data (2010-06N).** This study will provide information on seabed stability conditions and active geological processes on the outer-shelf/upper-slope region of the central Beaufort Sea from the eastern edge of the Mackenzie Trough to the eastern edge of the Shelf at the entrance to Amundsen Gulf.

**The Emergency Spatial Pre-SCAT for Arctic Coastal Ecosystems — Beaufort Sea/Mackenzie Delta (2011-01N).** This project will identify and map shoreline characteristics, coastal habitats and resources at risk in the Canadian Beaufort Sea/Mackenzie Delta. It will also examine satellite imagery as a potential tool for monitoring and predicting biodiversity in the Beaufort Sea with a focus on marine birds and mammals. The results will be incorporated in an update to the current “Arctic Environmental Sensitivity Atlas System” (Version 3.01, 2004, E.C.), available in digital (CD) and hardcopy formats.

**The Uniqueness of Fishes and Habitat Utilization in Oil and Gas Lease Blocks Relative to Non-Lease Areas in the Canadian Beaufort Sea (2012-04N).** This research project investigates the distribution, variety and abundance of Arctic marine fish and their supporting habitats, including water- mass movements, sediment type, water quality and food availability. The study looks at marine fish and their habitats from a regional perspective, within specific areas of possible oil and gas exploration and production, and within areas that could potentially be affected by development (e.g., equipment staging areas, transport routes, burrow pit locations).



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*Fisheries and Oceans Canada,  
Beaufort Sea Marine Fishes Project*

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**Timing of Beluga Entry Relative to Ice Break-Up in the Mackenzie Estuary During Late Spring (2013-05N).** This study will define current patterns of the arrival of beluga whales coinciding with the ice break-up in the Mackenzie Estuary from Herschel Island eastward following the edge of the land-fast ice, to the eastern end of the Tuktoyaktuk Peninsula. These patterns will then be compared with historical data from the 1974–1985 period on beluga entry and break-up dates.

**Quantitative Assessment of the Interaction between Beaufort Sea Crude Oils and Mackenzie River Delta Suspended Sediments (2013-06N).** Extensive bench-scale testing will be conducted on oil-sediment interaction at low temperatures with and without chemical dispersants, using selected crude oils from the Beaufort Sea and Norman Wells and selected sediment samples from the Mackenzie River Delta and Norman Wells.

**Central Mackenzie Surface Water and Groundwater Baseline Assessment and Monitoring Program (2013-07N).** This study examines the state of traditional and scientific knowledge regarding surface and groundwater in the Central Mackenzie Valley. It investigates water quality, annual and seasonal surface water cycles, flow patterns and rates, surface and groundwater interactions, aquifer characteristics, and well and aquifer yields. The study will also assess current and projected water quantity needs for domestic, traditional and industrial uses, as well as the benefits of maintaining healthy aquatic ecosystems.

**Cross-Cultural Knowledge-Sharing Pertaining to Wildlife, Habitat and Harvesting in the Central Mackenzie Valley (2013-08N).** This study will use cross-cultural knowledge-sharing to examine wildlife, habitat and wildlife harvesting in the Central Mackenzie Valley (CMV) related to oil and gas exploration and development. The wildlife component of this study will focus on caribou in the CMV, with an emphasis on determining the population, diversity and habitat of this species. Measurements will also be made on the regeneration pattern on seismic lines.

**A Road Map for Planning Controlled Oil-Spill Countermeasures Research in the Canadian Beaufort Sea (2013-09N).** This project will guide government, industry and university researchers in the complex organizational process required prior to conducting oil-spill countermeasures field research in the Canadian Beaufort Sea. The resulting road map will outline the various components of this process: consultations with Northern community stakeholders; environmental assessment requirements; the regulatory permits requirements; and the safety, logistical, infrastructure and support requirements needed to be in place prior to commencing field experiments.

# Financial Statements

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

The ESRF Management Board is responsible for the presentation of the annual financial statements to the Ministers of Natural Resources and Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development pursuant to the *Canada Petroleum Resources Act*.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and present the financial position of the ESRF at December 31, 2013, the results of its operations, changes in its net position and its cash flows for the year.

The total study expenditures incurred by the ESRF in 2013 amounted to \$2,440,988 for projects initiated between 2010 and 2013 (refer to Table 1). Administration costs for 2013 amounted to \$350,888. Revenues amounted to \$5,592,968 (refer to Table 2 for details).

Levies are collected from oil and gas companies that hold licenses for exploration and development in Canada's frontier lands. In accordance with the *Canada Petroleum Resources Act*, when a license is issued during the course of the year, levies are collected for the current year and the two years prior. (The collection of unpaid levies is pursued on an ongoing basis by the ESRF Secretariat.)

**Table 1 – ESRF Operating Budget as of December 31, 2013 (in dollars)**

REGION	OPENING CASH BALANCE JANUARY 1, 2013	TOTAL REVENUE. LEVIES & RETURNS	ADMINISTRATION COSTS	STUDY PROGRAM COSTS	CLOSING BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2013
SOUTH REGION	\$3,819,667	\$2,368,847	\$180,782	\$1,031,768	\$4,975,965
NORTH REGION	\$1,878,678	\$3,224,121	\$170,106	\$1,409,221	\$3,523,473
TOTAL	\$5,698,345	\$5,592,968	\$350,888	\$2,440,988	\$8,499,436

Table 2 – ESRF Regional sub accounts – Levy income 2013 (in dollars).

	REGION	LEVY RATE Levy #25 2013	REVENUES Levy #25 2013	REVENUES Back Levies	TOTAL LEVY INCOME
1	Queen Charlottes North				
2	Hecate Strait				
3	Queen Charlottes South				
4	Vancouver Island				
5	Labrador North				
6	Labrador Central				
7	Labrador South	0.2035	1,148		1,148
8	Northeast Newfoundland				
9	Newfoundland Slope	0.4616	789,985		789,985
10	Grand Banks North	0.4616	397,927		397,927
11	Grand Banks South	0.2656	376,049		453,090
12	Scotian Shelf East	0.6310	558,360	9,463	567,82
13	Scotian Shelf West				
14	Scotian Slope	0.0962	197,243	38,671	235,915
15	Gulf of St. Lawrence				
16	Hudson Bay				
	<b>Total South</b>		<b>2,320,712</b>	<b>48,135</b>	<b>2,368,847</b>
17	Beaufort South	0.3923	267,836	129,986	475,692
18	Beaufort North	0.6294	1,095,591	739,426	1,835,017
19	Western Archipelago-Offshore				
20	Central Archipelago-Offshore				
21	Eastern Archipelago-Offshore				
22	Baffin Bay				
23	Yukon North				
24	Yukon South				
25	Mackenzie Delta	0.1004	10,755		10,755
26	Mackenzie North	0.1004	17,587		17,587
27	Mackenzie Central	0.8193	822,941		822,951
28	Mackenzie South				
29	Western Archipelago-Onshore				
30	Central Archipelago-Onshore				
31	Eastern Archipelago-Onshore				
	<b>Total North</b>		<b>2,214,709</b>	<b>869,412</b>	<b>3084,121</b>
	<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>\$4,535,421</b>	<b>\$917,547</b>	<b>5,452,968</b>

## MULTI-YEAR STUDIES APPROVED FOR FUNDING FOR 2014 STUDY PROGRAM

The ESRF Management Board approved new funding for the continuation of the following multi-year studies for the 2014 study program:

### SOUTH

- Mid-Labrador Marine Megafauna and Acoustic Surveys on the Labrador Coast (2010-07S)
- Baseline Surveys for Seabirds on the Labrador Sea (2010-08S)
- Biodegradation of Chemically Dispersed and Non-Chemically Dispersed Oil (2012-01S)
- Biodegradation of Biodegradation of Chemically Dispersed and Non-Chemically Dispersed Condensate (2013-02S)
- Development, Validation and Implementation of an Operational Ocean Forecasting System for the Grand Banks and Orphan Basin for Daily Operational Delivery at the Canadian Meteorological Centre (2013-03S)

### NORTH

- The Uniqueness of Fishes and Habitat Utilization in Oil and Gas Lease Blocks Relative to Non-Lease Areas in the Canadian Beaufort Sea (2012-04N)
- Quantitative Assessment of the Interaction between Beaufort Sea Crude Oils and Mackenzie River Delta Suspended Sediments (2013-06N)

# ESRF Research Priority Areas 2015-2018

In 2013, the ESRF Management Board developed and approved a new selection process for the studies to be funded by the ESRF. This selection process is adapted from the process used by other governmental programs, including the ecoEnergy Innovation Initiative. As such, the new ESRF process has already been tested in the past and has demonstrated successes.

The new ESRF study selection process starts with the ESRF Management Board defining research priority areas (RPA) based on current knowledge gaps. After the RPAs has been defined and communicated, it is then up to potential proponents to submit study proposals to the ESRF Management Board. The ESRF Management Board then harvests the best suite of studies that collectively address each RPA.

## Research Priority Areas

The RPAs are chosen for four years, with the first ESRF RPA cycle scheduled to begin in 2015. The selection process is scheduled to be carried out in 2014.

The ESRF Management Board has identified the following four RPAs for its 2015-2018 funding cycle (see Annex 2 for the full description of each RPA):

### North

1. **Spill Preparedness and Response, Fate and Effects:** to support marine safety by studying the fate and effects of accidental releases of petroleum and other hazardous substances in the Arctic marine environment and improve responses.
2. **Regional Effects Assessment and Management:** to support stakeholders in preparing and reviewing applications for oil and gas activities on themes including biophysical, socio-economic, traditional knowledge and cumulative effects.

### Atlantic Offshore

3. **Seismic:** to improve the understanding of the effects of seismic sound on commercial fish and invertebrates, as well as marine mammals and/or species at risk.
4. **Oil and Gas Liquids Spill Fate and Effects:** to support marine safety by studying the fate and effects of accidental releases of petroleum in the Newfoundland & Labrador and Nova Scotia Offshore Areas.

## Study Selection Process

ESRF funding can be provided solely to legal entities validly incorporated or registered in Canada, including companies, industry associations, research associations, standards organizations, aboriginal and community groups, academic institutions, and federal, provincial, territorial and municipal governments and their departments and agencies. These organisations are thus the ones invited to participate in the ESRF study selection process.

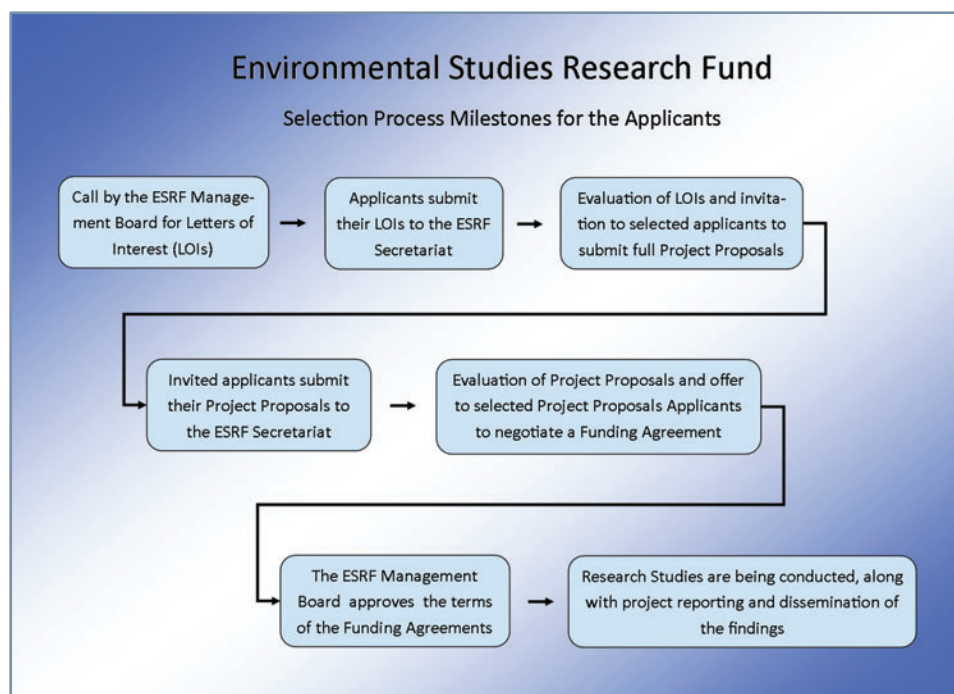
The study selection process has three distinct phases:

- Letters of Interest
- Full proposals
- Funding Agreements (or Memoranda of Understanding)

The selection process is launched with the ESRF Call for Letters of Interest. The received letters are then reviewed by technical review committees and the ESRF Management Board members. The ESRF Management Board then decides which proponents should be invited to submit full proposals.

Proponents who were successful in having their Letter of Interest selected are invited to submit a full proposal, presenting a detailed version of their proposed research study. The received full proposals are reviewed, similarly to Letters of Interest, by technical review committees and the ESRF Management Board members.

The ESRF Management Board then decides which full proposal proponents should be invited to negotiate a Funding Agreement or, if the proponent is a federal, provincial or municipal government organization, a Memorandum of Understanding.



*Representation of the ESRF selection process milestones for the applicants*



## Selection Criteria

The LOIs and proposals that meet basic requirements regarding eligibility and completeness of information will be reviewed by a committee of technical experts mandated by the ESRF Management Board. The Technical Review Committees will use the criteria provided in the LOI and full proposal Applicants' Guides to evaluate for each submitted proposal:

- the significance of the potential impact of the study being proposed; and,
- the probability that the study achieves its stated objective.

In addition to the above criteria, the ESRF Management Board may consider other criteria, such as regional balance, in the final project selection. Any such criteria will be applied equitably to all Project Proposals reviewed.

## Commitment to fairness and transparency

The ESRF Management Board and Natural Resources Canada are committed to manage the selection process for the ESRF studies fairly and transparently. All assessments and decisions will be done in accordance with this commitment. No specific guidance or advice on preparing a LOI or full project proposal will be provided to any of the proponents. No meetings on the ESRF call for LOIs or call for full project proposals will be held between any applicant and the people involved with the project selection process. Further, to avoid the risk of real, perceived or potential conflict of interest, members of expert technical committees who have a vested interest as a potential participant in a particular project will be required to sign a declaration regarding their interest in the project and will not be allowed to participate in the assessment of that project.

# Annex 1. ESRF Regions

## ESRF South Regions (NRCan)

**Region 1: *Queen Charlottes North***

**Region 2: *Hecate Strait***

**Region 3: *Queen Charlottes South***

**Region 4: *Vancouver Island***

**Region 5: *Labrador North***

**Region 6: *Labrador Central***

**Region 7: *Labrador South***

**Region 8: *Northeast Newfoundland***

**Region 9: *Newfoundland Slope***

**Region 9: *Newfoundland Slope***

**Region 10: *Grand Banks North***

**Region 11: *Grand Banks South***

**Region 12: *Scotian Shelf East***

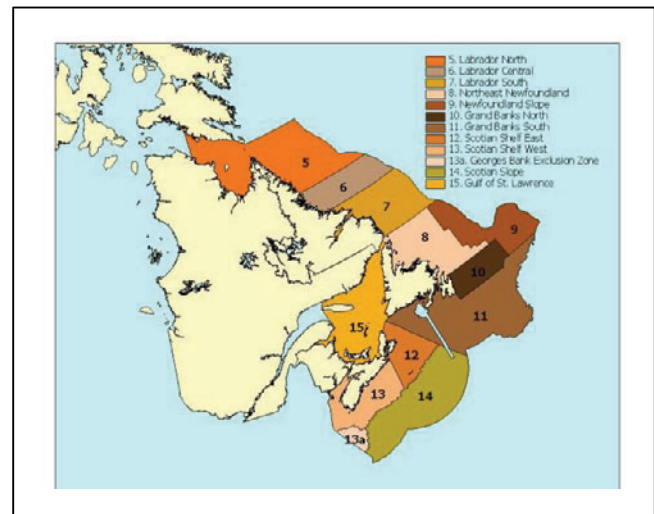
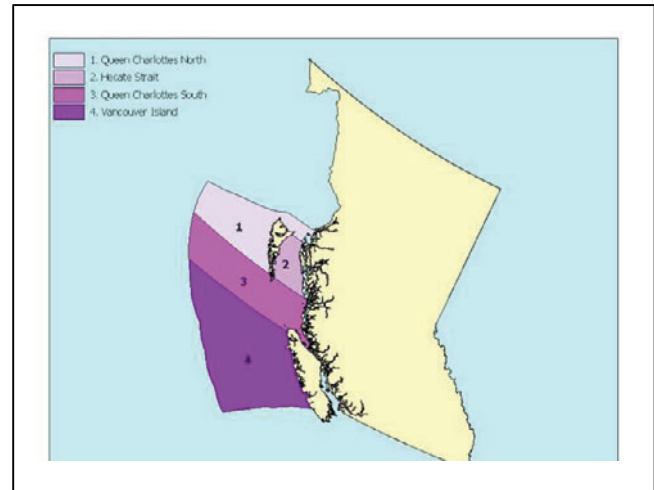
**Region 13: *Scotian Shelf West***

**Region 13a): *Georges Bank Exclusion Zone***

**Region 14: *Scotian Slope***

**Region 15: *Gulf of St. Lawrence***

**Region 16: *Hudson Bay***



## ESRF North Regions (AANDC)

**Region 17: Beaufort South**

**Region 18: Beaufort North**

**Region 19: Western Archipelago — Offshore**

**Region 20: Central Archipelago — Offshore**

**Region 21: Eastern Archipelago — Offshore**

**Region 22: Baffin Bay**

**Region 23: Yukon North**

**Region 24: Yukon South**

**Region 25: Mackenzie Delta**

**Region 26: Mackenzie North**

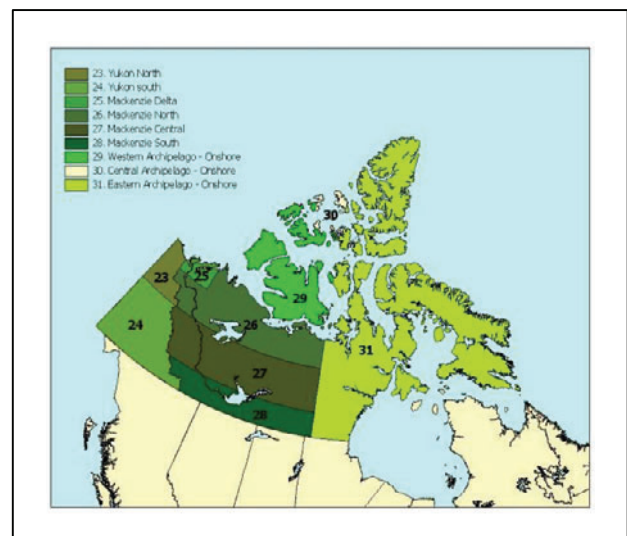
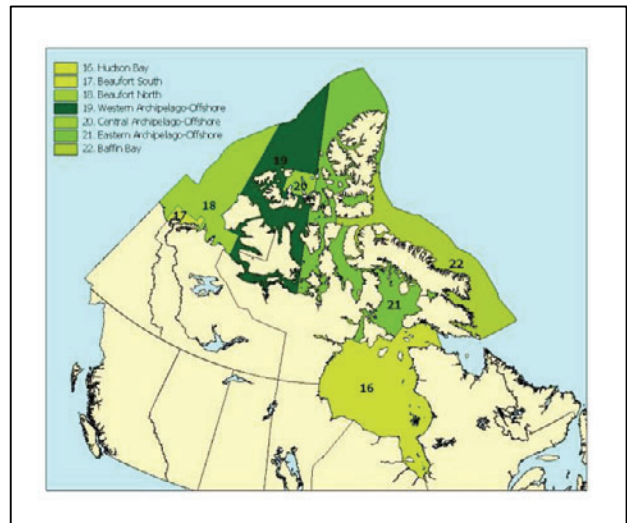
**Region 27: Mackenzie Central**

**Region 28: Mackenzie South**

**Region 29: Western Archipelago — Onshore**

**Region 30: Central Archipelago — Onshore**

**Region 31: Eastern Archipelago — Onshore**



# Annex 2. Complete description of the ESRF Research Priority Areas for the 2015-2018 cycle

## Northern Research Priority Areas

### 1. Spill Preparedness and Response, Fate and Effects

Research Priority Area #1: Spill Preparedness and Response, Fate and Effects
Summary: Studies will build on knowledge of the fate and effects of accidental releases of petroleum hydrocarbons and other hazardous substances in the Arctic marine environment and would be directed at the improvement of responses to such accidental releases.
Targeted Area: Eligible spill research areas include, but are not limited to, the biophysical, socioeconomic and, impact and assessment aspects of spills in the following categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• In-situ Burning;</li><li>• Dispersants;</li><li>• Mechanical Recovery;</li><li>• Shorelines;</li><li>• Spill Modelling; and,</li><li>• Detection and Monitoring.</li></ul> Details regarding each of the eligible research areas can be found in the following report prepared by C-Core for the ESRF Management Board. This report is on the ESRF website: <a href="http://www.esrfunds.org/pdf/194.pdf">http://www.esrfunds.org/pdf/194.pdf</a> - C-CORE (2013) Strategic Plan for Oil Spill Research in Canadian Arctic Waters, C-CORE Report R-13-108-1018, Revision 3.1.
Description: The risk of accidental releases of petroleum hydrocarbons and other hazardous substances into the Arctic marine environment has increased with the growing interest in the development of offshore petroleum operations in the Canadian Arctic. Hydrocarbon exploration is or might be taking place in both the near and offshore waters of the Beaufort Sea. In terms of oil spill response, the Arctic presents unique challenges, including the remote locations of potential spill sites, cold temperatures and limited availability of first-response personnel. Most of the research data on oil fate, effects and spill response in the Arctic have been derived from laboratory studies and field trials conducted in the 1970-1980's with the exception of the recent Joint Industry Project effort by SINTEF in Norway (completed in 2009). The consensus of the international scientific community is that field trials are essential to advance the development of oil-spill countermeasures for use in the Arctic. Unless methodologies can be validated in the field, they may not be fully accepted by regulators, Aboriginal communities and the public as operational tools. Research in this priority area will focus on filling gaps in current spill countermeasures knowledge that will contribute to the production of effective environmental protection through the improvement of operational guidelines and best practices.  Studies should demonstrate benefit to stakeholders in areas where offshore petroleum operations are either ongoing or expected in the foreseeable future. In the North, offshore petroleum operations are anticipated in the foreseeable future only in the Beaufort Sea, encompassed by ESRF regions 17 and 18.
Exclusions: Research proposed exclusively for on-shore areas.

## 2. Regional Effects Assessment and Management

Research Priority Area #2: Regional Effects Assessment and Management
Summary: Studies will focus on environmental and socio-economic studies that will build a knowledge base that extends to a regional scale, beyond single oil and gas lease blocks or operations. The information gathered by these studies is intended for use by all interested stakeholders in preparing and reviewing applications for oil and gas activities on Canada’s northern frontier lands.
Targeted Area: Eligible research areas include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Biophysical studies;</li><li>• Socio-economic studies;</li><li>• Traditional knowledge studies; and,</li><li>• Studies contributing to the assessment and management of cumulative effects.</li></ul>
Description: Studies building on other regional research programs may be of particular interest including areas around offshore fish and bird populations and habitats, maintenance of long-term oceanographic observatories, and remote sensing, monitoring and modelling of sea ice.  Studies should demonstrate benefit to stakeholders in areas where petroleum operations are either ongoing or expected in the foreseeable future. In the North, offshore petroleum operations are anticipated in the foreseeable future only in the Beaufort Sea, encompassed by ESRF regions 17 and 18.
Exclusions: Research proposed exclusively for on-shore areas.

## Southern Research Priority Areas

### 3. Seismic

Research Priority Area #3: <b>Seismic</b>
Summary: Studies will build on knowledge of the effects of the sound energy released to the marine environment during marine seismic surveys and be directed particularly at improving the understanding of the nature of seismic sound energy and its effects on commercial fish and invertebrate species as well as marine mammals and/or species at risk.
Targeted Area: Eligible research areas include but are not limited to: understanding the “natural” underwater sound environment in the absence of sound energy arising from seismic survey operations measuring the particle motion and sound pressure levels experienced by organisms at specified distances from seismic survey operations modelling the propagation of sound energy from marine seismic surveys and the in-field verification of those model predictions documenting commercial fish and invertebrate behaviour in response to marine seismic survey sound energy in the field documenting the effects of marine seismic survey sound energy on commercial fish and invertebrate physiology and gene expression associated with behavioural responses in the field understanding of the quality (i.e., accuracy, data resolution) of the observations made by marine mammal observers and/or passive acoustic monitoring techniques and best practice for training and qualifying observers and passive acoustic monitoring operators.
Description: The effects of the sound energy released into the water column from the routine operation of airgun arrays used marine seismic surveys on fish and invertebrate behaviour and, potentially, commercial harvesting of these species are not fully understood.

There have been some attempts to study this issue in the field and the laboratory over the last twenty years but there is no consensus on the nature and/or significance of the effects observed. In recent years workshops and conferences, some sponsored by the ESRF, have attempted to come to terms with this issue. These efforts were driven in no small measure by the concern for the socioeconomic effects of seismic surveys on fish harvesters. Without an understanding of the behavioural effects of the sound energy, including particle motion, resulting from marine seismic surveys' air gun arrays, the effects on marine species and their behaviour, and consequently on harvesting these species is difficult to assess.

For the purposes of focussing this research priority area, the commercial fish species of greatest interest are Northern Shrimp, Snow Crab and Atlantic Cod

Exclusions : Laboratory scale studies unless as part of a field study

#### 4. Oil and Gas Liquids Spill Fate and Effects

Research Priority Area #4: Oil and Gas Liquids Spill Fate and Effects

Summary: Studies will build on existing knowledge of the fate and effects of accidental releases of petroleum hydrocarbons in the Newfoundland & Labrador and Nova Scotia Offshore Areas

Targeted Area: Eligible research areas include but are not limited to:  
 water column and benthic fate and effects of crude oil or natural gas liquids that may or may not have been treated with dispersants surface and water column detection and monitoring of dispersed and non-dispersed crude oil or natural gas liquids taint, toxicology and persistence of dispersed and non-dispersed crude oil or natural gas liquids in commercially harvested fish and invertebrate species toxicology and persistence of dispersed and non-dispersed crude oil or natural gas liquids in seabirds toxicology and persistence of dispersed and non-dispersed crude oil or natural gas liquids to benthic, zooplankton and/or phytoplankton species modelling the fate and behaviour of dispersed/non-dispersed crude oil or natural gas liquids in deep water environments socioeconomic effects of a major spill event on the fisheries sector; particularly, the impact of markets refusing to purchase commercially harvested fish species and how those effects might be mitigated

Description: This priority area is directed at improving the understanding of the effects of such releases on marine species, ecosystems and commercial fisheries.

Research proposed in response to this call for [expressions of interest/proposals] should take into account recent research undertaken by ESRF (e.g., ongoing studies that address: biodegradation rates for dispersed and non-dispersed crude oil and gas liquids and oceanography of the Flemish Pass) and findings and lessons learned arising from international research efforts e.g., research on the Macondo Spill. Project proponents should also take in to account the trend to exploration in continental shelf break and deep-water areas of Canada's East Coast.

Exclusions :

- Laboratory scale unless specifically linked to field studies or large scale experiments in wave tanks.
- Research designed and focussed exclusively on shorelines.
- Mechanical countermeasures and in-situ burning.

## Annex 3: Reports Published in 2013

- 192** Bayne, Dr. E., H. Lankau and J. Tigner. *Ecologically-based criteria to assess the impact and recovery of seismic lines: The importance of width, regeneration, and seismic line density*. December 2011. 103 p.  
Abstract
- 193** H. Niu and K. Lee. *Refinement and Validation of Numerical Risk Assessment Models for use in Atlantic Canada*. March 2013. 147 p.  
Abstract
- 194** C-CORE. *Strategic Plan for Oil Spill Research in Canadian Arctic Waters* July 2013. 38 p.  
Abstract
- 195** Stantec Consulting Ltd. *Effects of Offshore Oil and Gas Production on Air Quality in Canada's East Coast Offshore Areas*. June 2013 372 p.  
Abstract

## Annex 4. Published Reports

All ESRF studies are subject to a scientific/technical peer review. Reports that are deemed to be scientifically or technically significant are published in the ESRF Technical Report Series. Since its inception in 1983 the ESRF has published over 200 reports and related studies.

All reports and studies are available to download for free on the ESRF website – [http://www.esrfunds.org/pubpub\\_e.php](http://www.esrfunds.org/pubpub_e.php).

Publications are listed under the following categories:

- Bibliographies
- Environmental Effects and Monitoring
- Environmental Loading and Design
- Frontier Social and Economic Issues
- Ice-Icebergs-Ice Detection
- Oil Spill Research and Countermeasures
- Sea Bottom Ice Scour
- Sediment Transport
- Waves



# Annex 5: Bibliography of Past ESRF Publications 1985 - 2012

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